



Hopf Algebra	Sym	QSym	Γ	Peak
Duality	Sym	NSym	Γ	Peak*
Tower	$\oplus \mathbb{C}\mathfrak{S}_n$	$\oplus H_n(0)$	$\oplus \text{Se}_n$	$\oplus HCl_n(0)$

1

Let B be a finite-dimensional algebra.

$$G_0(B) = \frac{\text{Span}\{\text{isomophic classes of f.g. } B\text{-modules}\}}{\langle (M) - (L) - (N) \rangle_{0 \rightarrow L \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0 \text{ exact}}} \ni [M]$$

$$K_0(B) = \text{Span}\{\text{isomophic classes of f.g. proj. } B\text{-modules}\} \ni [P]$$

$\{V_1, V_2, \dots, V_s\}$: complete list of noniso. simple B -module

$\{P_1, P_2, \dots, P_s\}$: their proj. covers,

complete list of noniso. proj. B -module

$$G_0(B) = \oplus \mathbb{Z}[V_i]$$

$$K_0(B) = \oplus \mathbb{Z}[P_i]$$

2

$$\text{Graded bialgebra } \begin{cases} \text{Algebra } H_m \otimes H_n \xrightarrow{\pi} H_{m+n} \\ \text{Coalgebra } H_n \xrightarrow{\Delta} \oplus_{k+l=n} H_k \otimes H_l \end{cases}$$

$$H = \oplus_{n \geq 0} H_n$$

Graded dual $H^{*gr} = \oplus_{n \geq 0} H_n^*$ is also a graded bialgebra.

Hopf algebra: bialgebra + antipode

Graded connected bialgebra \Rightarrow Hopf algebra

3

$A = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} A_n$, a **tower of algebras**:

- (1) A_n is a finite-dimensional algebra with unit 1_n , for each n . $A_0 \cong \mathbb{C}$.
- (2) \exists an external multiplication $\rho_{m,n} : A_m \otimes A_n \rightarrow A_{m+n}$, for all $m, n \geq 0$,
 - (a) $\rho_{m,n}$ is injective with $\rho_{m,n}(1_m \otimes 1_n) = 1_{m+n}$
 - (b) ρ is associative.
- (3) A_{m+n} is a two-sided projective $A_m \otimes A_n$ -module for all $m, n \geq 0$.
- (4) For every primitive idempotent g in A_{m+n} ,

$$A_{m+n}g \cong \bigoplus (A_m \otimes A_n)(e \otimes f) \Leftrightarrow gA_{m+n} \cong \bigoplus (e \otimes f)(A_m \otimes A_n).$$
- (5) An analogue of Mackey's formula holds for $G_0(A)$ or $K_0(A)$

$$\begin{aligned} & [\text{Res}_{A_k \otimes A_{m+n-k}}^{A_{m+n}} \text{Ind}_{A_m \otimes A_n}^{A_{m+n}} (M \otimes N)] \\ &= \sum_{t+s=k} [\widetilde{\text{Ind}}_{A_t \otimes A_{m-t} \otimes A_s \otimes A_{n-s}}^{A_k \otimes A_{m+n-k}} (\text{Res}_{A_t \otimes A_{m-t}}^{A_m} M \otimes \text{Res}_{A_s \otimes A_{n-s}}^{A_n} N)] \end{aligned}$$

Implications

- (1) \Rightarrow Graded connected
- (2) \Rightarrow Inductions and Restrictions well-defined.
- (3) \Rightarrow Furthermore, Multiplications and Comultiplications well-defined.
- (4) \Rightarrow Duality
- (5) \Rightarrow Compatibility of algebra and coalgebra structures

4

Induction

$$i_{m,n} : G_0(A_m) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} G_0(A_n) \rightarrow G_0(A_{m+n})$$

$$[M] \otimes [N] \mapsto [A_{m+n} \otimes_{A_m \otimes A_n} (M \otimes N)]$$

Restriction

$$r_{k,l} : G_0(A_n) \rightarrow G_0(A_k) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} G_0(A_l) \text{ with } k+l=n$$

$$[N] \mapsto [\text{Hom}_{A_n}(A_n, N)]$$

Grothendieck Group

$$\mathcal{G} = G_0(A) = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} G_0(A_n)$$

Multiplication

$$\pi : G_0(A) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} G_0(A) \rightarrow G_0(A)$$

$$\pi|_{G_0(A_k) \otimes G_0(A_l)} = i_{k,l}$$

Comultiplication

$$\Delta : G_0(A) \rightarrow G_0(A) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} G_0(A)$$

$$\Delta|_{G_0(A_n)} = \sum_{k+l=n} r_{k,l}$$

Unit

$$\mu : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow G_0(A)$$

$$\mu(a) = a[K] \in G_0(A_0), \text{ for } a \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Counit

$$\epsilon : G_0(A) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\epsilon([M]) = \begin{cases} a & \text{if } [M] = a[K], a \in \mathbb{Z} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Pairing

$$\langle, \rangle : K_0(A) \times G_0(A) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}, \text{ where } \langle [P], [M] \rangle = \begin{cases} \dim_K(\text{Hom}_{A_n}(P, M)) & \text{if } [P] \in K_0(A_n) \text{ and } [M] \in G_0(A_n) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

RESULT 1

$$G_0(A) \text{ Hopf} \xleftrightarrow[\text{Dual}]{*} K_0(A) \text{ Hopf}$$

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Modify

$$(2)(a) \dots \rho_{m,n}(1_m \otimes 1_n) \neq 1_{m+n}$$

Induction

same

$$A_{m+n} \otimes_{A_m \otimes A_n} (A_m e \otimes A_n f) = A_{m+n} \rho_{m,n}(e \otimes f)$$

Restriction

$$\text{Res}_{A_k \otimes A_l}^{A_n} N = \{u \in N : \rho_{k,l}(1_k \otimes 1_l)u = u\} \subseteq N$$

$$\text{Res}_{A_k \otimes A_l}^{A_n} P = \{p \in P : \rho_{k,l}(1_k \otimes 1_l)p = p\} \subseteq P$$

RESULT 2

$$G_0(A) \text{ Hopf} \xleftrightarrow[\text{Dual}]{*} K_0(A) \text{ Hopf}$$

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